



Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES13074

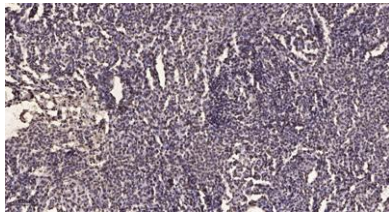
For research use only

Overview

Product Name	Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	IHC;IF;WB
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human; Mouse; Rat
Recommended dilutions	IHC-p 1:50-200, WB 1:500-2000
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous acetyl levels of Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19) at Human:K19, Mouse:K19, Rat:K19
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19)
Gene Name	Smad2/3 (Acetyl-Lys19)
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cytoplasmic and nuclear in the absence of TGF-beta. On TGF-beta stimulation, migrates to the nucleus when complexed with SMAD4 (PubMed:9865696, PubMed:21145499). On dephosphorylation by phosphatase PPM1A, released from the SMAD2/SMAD
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	60kD
Human Gene ID	4088/4087
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q15796/P84022
Alternative Names	
Background	The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the SMAD, a family of proteins similar to the gene products of the Drosophila gene 'mothers against



decapentaplegic' (Mad) and the *C. elegans* gene Sma. SMAD proteins are signal transducers and transcriptional modulators that mediate multiple signaling pathways. This protein mediates the signal of the transforming growth factor (TGF)-beta, and thus regulates multiple cellular processes, such as cell proliferation, apoptosis, and differentiation. This protein is recruited to the TGF-beta receptors through its interaction with the SMAD anchor for receptor activation (SARA) protein. In response to TGF-beta signal, this protein is phosphorylated by the TGF-beta receptors. The phosphorylation induces the dissociation of this protein with SARA and the association with the family member SMAD4. The association with SMAD4 is important for the translocation



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain tumor. 1, Antibody was diluted at 1:200(4° overnight). 2, Tris-EDTA,pH9.0 was used for antigen retrieval. 3,Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200(room temperature, 45min).

