

## OR9G1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES14373

For research use only

## Overview

**Product Name** OR9G1 rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit WB **Applications** 

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Rat; Mouse; **Recommended dilutions** WB 1: 500-2000

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from human OR9G1 AA

range: 190-240

This antibody detects endogenous levels of OR9G1 Specificity

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

OR9G1 **Protein Name** 

OR9G1 OR9G5 **Gene Name** 

**Cellular localization** Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml

**Observed band** 

**Human Gene ID** 390174 **Human Swiss-Prot Number Q8NH87** 

**Alternative Names** 

Background olfactory receptor family 9 subfamily G member

> 1(OR9G1) Homo sapiens Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of

G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share

a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many

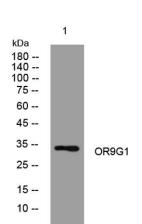


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neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Western blot analysis of lysates from HuvEc cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night

