

## HDAC1 (Acetyl Lys432) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES20096

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name HDAC1 (Acetyl Lys432) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB; ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human HDAC1

(Acetyl Lys432)

**Specificity** This antibody detects endogenous levels of

Human, Mouse, Rat HDAC1 (Acetyl Lys432)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at  $-20^{\circ}$ C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name HDAC1 (Acetyl Lys432)

Gene Name HDAC1 RPD3L1

Cellular localization Nucleus.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 55kD
Human Gene ID 3065
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q13547

Alternative Names Histone deacetylase 1 (HD1;EC 3.5.1.98)

**Background** catalytic activity:Hydrolysis of an N(6)-acetyl-lysine

residue of a histone to yield a deacetylated

histone., function: Responsible for the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core

histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Histone

deacetylation gives a tag for epigenetic repression and plays an important role in transcriptional

regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events. Histone deacetylases act via the formation



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of large multiprotein complexes., PTM: Phosphorylation on Ser-421 and Ser-423 promotes enzymatic activity and interactions with NuRD and SIN3 complexes., PTM: Sumovlated on Lys-444 and Lys-476; which promotes enzymatic activity. Desumoylated by SENP1., similarity: Belongs to the histone deacetylase family. Type 1 subfamily., subunit: Part of the core histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex composed of HDAC1, HDAC2, RBBP4 and RBBP7. The core complex associates with MTA2, MBD2, MBD3, MTA1L1, CHD3 and CHD4 to form the nucleosome remodeling and histone deacetylation (NuRD) complex, or with SIN3, SAP18 and SAP30 to form the SIN3 HDAC complex. Component of a BHC histone deacetylase complex that contains HDAC1, HDAC2, HMG20B/BRAF35, AOF2/LSD1, RCOR1/CoREST and PHF21A/BHC80. The BHC complex may also contain ZMYM2, ZNF217, ZMYM3, GSE1 and GTF2I. Associates with the 9-1-1 complex; interacts with HUS1. Found in a complex with DNMT3A and HDAC7. Interacts with BCOR, BRMS1L, DAXX, DNMT1, EP300, HCFC1, NFE4, PCAF, PHB2, MIER1, KDM4A, MINT, NRIP1, PRDM6, RERE, SETDB1, SUV39H1, TGIF, TGIF2, UHRF1, UHRF2 and ZNF541. Interacts with the non-histone region of H2AFY. Interacts with HDAC9. Component of a mSin3A corepressor complex that contains SIN3A, SAP130, SUDS3/SAP45, ARID4B/SAP180, HDAC1 and HDAC2. Interacts with BANP, CBFA2T3 and KDM5B. Interacts with SAP30L. Interacts with E4F1. Interacts with KFL1 (By similarity). Interacts with SV40 large T antigen., tissue specificity: Ubiquitous, with higher levels in heart, pancreas and testis, and lower levels in kidney and brain.,

