

## **O14AG** rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES11526

For research use only

## Overview

**Product Name** O14AG rabbit pAb

**Host species** Rabbit WB;ELISA **Applications** 

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human; Rat; Mouse;

**Recommended dilutions** WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000

**Immunogen** Synthesized peptide derived from part region of

human protein

Specificity O14AG Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of protein.

**Formulation** Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. **Storage** Olfactory receptor 14A16 (Olfactory receptor 5AT1) **Protein Name** 

(Olfactory receptor OR1-45)

**Gene Name** OR14A16 OR5AT1

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. **Cellular localization** Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal Concentration 1 mg/ml Observed band 33kD **Human Gene ID** 284532 **Human Swiss-Prot Number** Q8NHC5

**Alternative Names** 

**Background** Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules

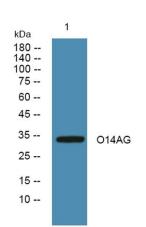
in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are



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responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Western blot analysis of lysates from HCT116 cells, primary antibody was diluted at 1:1000, 4° over night



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