ELK Biotechnology

TRI23 rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES9688

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	TRI23 rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	WB 1:500-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from part region of human protein
Specificity	TRI23 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20℃. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase TRIM23 (EC 6.3.2.-) (ADP-ribosylation factor domain-containing protein 1) (GTP-binding protein ARD-1) (RING finger protein 46) (Tripartite motif-containing protein 23)
Gene Name	TRIM23 ARD1 ARFD1 RNF46
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm . Endomembrane system . Golgi apparatus membrane . Lysosome membrane . Membrane-associated with the Golgi complex and lysosomal structures.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	63kD
Human Gene ID	373
Human Swiss-Prot Number	P36406
Alternative Names	
Background	The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family. The TRIM motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box

type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. This protein is also a member of the ADP ribosylation factor family of guanine nucleotide-binding family of proteins. Its carboxy terminus contains an ADP-ribosylation factor domain and a guanine nucleotide binding site, while the amino terminus contains a GTPase activating protein domain which acts on the guanine nucleotide binding site. The protein localizes to lysosomes and the Golgi apparatus. It plays a role in the formation of intracellular transport vesicles, their movement from one compartment to another, and phopholipase D activation. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants for this gene have been described. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],