

## CD32-C rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES7959

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name CD32-C rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human FCGR2C. AA

range:251-300

**Specificity** CD32-C Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of CD32-C protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region

receptor II-c

Gene Name FCGR2C

Cellular localization [Isoform IIC4]: Cytoplasm .; [Isoform IIC3]: Cell

membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.; [Isoform IIC2]: Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein.; [Isoform IIC1]: Cell membrane;

Single-pass type I membrane protein.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 35kD
Human Gene ID 9103
Human Swiss-Prot Number P31995

Alternative Names FCGR2C; CD32; FCG2; IGFR2; Low affinity

immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-c; IgG

Fc receptor II-c; CDw32; Fc-gamma RII-c;





**Background** 

Fc-gamma-RIIc; FcRII-c; CD antigen CD32 caution: Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIB., caution: Has sometimes been attributed to correspond to FcR-IIC., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving FCGR2B is found in a follicular lymphoma. Translocation t(1;22)(q22;q11). The translocation leads to the hyperexpression of the receptor. This may play a role in the tumor progression., domain: Contains 1 copy of a cytoplasmic motif that is referred to as the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitor motif (ITIM). This motif is involved in modulation of cellular responses. The phosphorylated ITIM motif can bind the SH2 domain of several SH2-containing phosphatases., domain: Contains an intracytoplasmic twice repeated motif referred as immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activator motif (ITAM). These motifs are involved in triggering cell activation upon receptors aggregation., function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells., function: Receptor for the Fc region of complexed or aggregated immunoglobulins gamma. Low affinity receptor. Involved in a variety of effector and regulatory functions such as phagocytosis of immune complexes and modulation of antibody production by B-cells. Binding to this receptor results in down-modulation of previous state of cell activation triggered via antigen receptors on B-cells (BCR), T-cells (TCR) or via another Fc receptor. Isoform IIB1 fails to mediate endocytosis or phagocytosis. Isoform IIB2 does not trigger phagocytosis., similarity: Contains 2 Ig-like C2-type (immunoglobulin-like) domains., subunit: Isoform IIB1 interacts with measles virus N protein. N protein is released in the blood following lysis of measles infected cells. This interaction presumably block inflammatory immune response. Interacts with INPP5D/SHIP1.,tissue specificity:Is the most



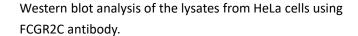
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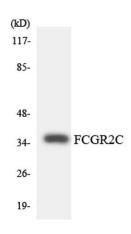
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broadly distributed Fc-gamma-receptor. Expressed in monocyte, neutrophils, macrophages, basophils, eosinophils, Langerhans cells, B-cells, platelets cells and placenta (endothelial cells). Not detected in natural killer cells.,tissue specificity:Isoform IIC1 is detected in monocytes, macrophages, polymorphonuclear cells and natural killer cells.,







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