

p63 (phospho Ser395) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES7839

For research use only

Overview

Product Name p63 (phospho Ser395) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

Species Cross-Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human p63 around the phosphorylation site of Ser395. AA range:361-410

Specificity Phospho-p63 (S395) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of p63 protein only when

phosphorylated at S395.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Tumor protein 63

Gene Name TP63 **Cellular localization** Nucleus .

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 77kD
Human Gene ID 8626
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q9H3D4

Alternative Names TP63; KET; P63; P73H; P73L; TP73L; Tumor protein

63; p63; Chronic ulcerative stomatitis protein; CUSP;

Keratinocyte transcription factor KET;

Transformation-related protein 63; TP63; Tumor

protein p73-like; p73L; p40; p51

Background tumor protein p63(TP63) Homo sapiens This

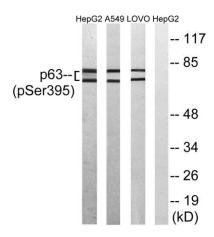
gene encodes a member of the p53 family of



+86-27-59760950 ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com www.elkbiotech.com



transcription factors. The functional domains of p53 family proteins include an N-terminal transactivation domain, a central DNA-binding domain and an oligomerization domain. Alternative splicing of this gene and the use of alternative promoters results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms that vary in their functional properties. These isoforms function during skin development and maintenance, adult stem/progenitor cell regulation, heart development and premature aging. Some isoforms have been found to protect the germline by eliminating oocytes or testicular germ cells that have suffered DNA damage. Mutations in this gene are associated with ectodermal dysplasia, and cleft lip/palate syndrome 3 (EEC3); split-hand/foot malformation 4 (SHFM4); ankyloblepharon-ectodermal defects-cleft lip/palate; ADULT syndrome (acro-dermato-ungual-lacrim



Western blot analysis of lysates from LOVO cells treated with nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h, A549 cells treated with nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h and HepG2 cells treated with nocodazole 1ug/ml 18h, using p63 (Phospho-Ser395) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked wi

