

GPR172A rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES7582

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	GPR172A rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunofluorescence:
	1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in
	other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized
	peptide derived from human PEVR1. AA range:43-92
Specificity	GPR172A Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous
	levels of GPR172A protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and
	0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Solute carrier family 52 riboflavin transporter
	member 2
Gene Name	SLC52A2
Cellular localization	Cell membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein .
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit
	antiserum by affinity-chromatography using
	epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	46kD
Human Gene ID	79581
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q9HAB3
Alternative Names	SLC52A2; GPR172A; PAR1; RFT3; Solute carrier
	family 52; riboflavin transporter, member 2;
	Porcine endogenous retrovirus A receptor 1; PERV-A
	receptor 1; Protein GPR172A; Riboflavin transporter
De de const	3; hRFT3
Background	This gene encodes a membrane protein which
	belongs to the riboflavin transporter family. In



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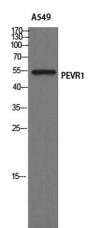
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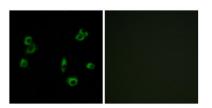


humans, riboflavin must be obtained by intestinal absorption because it cannot be synthesized by the body. The water-soluble vitamin riboflavin is processed to the coenzymes flavin mononucleotide (FMN) and flavin adenine dinucleotide (FAD) which then act as intermediaries in many cellular metabolic reactions. Paralogous members of the riboflavin transporter gene family are located on chromosomes 17 and 20. Unlike other members of this family, this gene has higher expression in brain tissue than small intestine. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein. Mutations in this gene have been associated with Brown-Vialetto-Van Laere syndrome 2 - an autosomal recessive progressive neurologic disorder characterized by deafness, bulbar dysfunctio

Western Blot analysis of A549 cells using GPR172A Polyclonal Antibody



Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF7 cells, using PEVR1 Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.





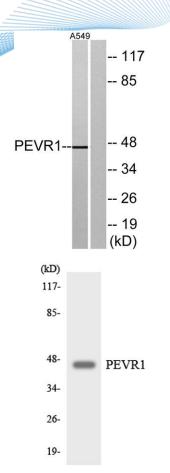
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Western blot analysis of lysates from A549 cells, using PEVR1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

Western blot analysis of the lysates from HepG2 cells using PEVR1 antibody.



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