



BRCA2 (phospho Ser3291) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES7289

For research use only

Overview

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|--------------------------|---|
| Product Name | BRCA2 (phospho Ser3291) rabbit pAb |
| Host species | Rabbit |
| Applications | WB;ELISA |
| Species Cross-Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat |
| Recommended dilutions | Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. |
| Immunogen | Synthesized phospho-peptide around the phosphorylation site of human BRCA2 (phospho Ser3291) |
| Specificity | Phospho-BRCA2 (S3291) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of BRCA2 protein only when phosphorylated at S3291. |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Protein Name | Breast cancer type 2 susceptibility protein |
| Gene Name | BRCA2 |
| Cellular localization | Nucleus . Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome . Colocalizes with ERCC5/XPG to nuclear foci following DNA replication stress. . |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Observed band | 385kD |
| Human Gene ID | 675 |
| Human Swiss-Prot Number | P51587 |
| Alternative Names | BRCA2; FACD; FANCD1; Breast cancer type 2 susceptibility protein; Fanconi anemia group D1 protein |
| Background | Inherited mutations in BRCA1 and this gene, BRCA2, |





confer increased lifetime risk of developing breast or ovarian cancer. Both BRCA1 and BRCA2 are involved in maintenance of genome stability, specifically the homologous recombination pathway for double-strand DNA repair. The BRCA2 protein contains several copies of a 70 aa motif called the BRC motif, and these motifs mediate binding to the RAD51 recombinase which functions in DNA repair. BRCA2 is considered a tumor suppressor gene, as tumors with BRCA2 mutations generally exhibit loss of heterozygosity (LOH) of the wild-type allele. [provided by RefSeq, Dec 2008],

