

COP1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES7162

For research use only

Overview

Product Name COP1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/40000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human RFWD2. AA

range:353-402

Specificity COP1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous

levels of COP1 protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase RFWD2

Gene Name RFWD2

Cellular localization Nucleus speckle. Cytoplasm. In the nucleus, it forms

nuclear speckles.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 110kD
Human Gene ID 64326
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q8NHY2

Alternative Names RFWD2; COP1; RNF200; E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase

RFWD2; Constitutive photomorphogenesis protein 1

homolog; hCOP1; RING finger and WD repeat domain protein 2; RING finger protein 200

Background domain: The RING finger domain, in addition to its

role in ubiquitination, functions as a structural scaffold to bring two clusters of positive-charged



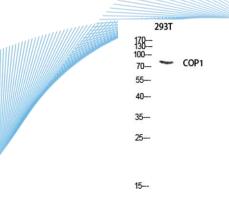
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residues within spatial proximity to mimic a bipartite nuclear localization signal (NLS).,function:E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins. E3 ubiquitin ligases accept ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Involved in JUN ubiquitination and degradation. Directly involved in p53 (TP53) ubiquitination and degradation, thereby abolishing p53-dependent transcription and apoptosis. Ubiquitinates p53 independently of MDM2 or RCHY1. Probably mediates E3 ubiquitin ligase activity by functioning as the essential RING domain subunit of larger E3 complexes. In contrast, it does not constitute the catalytic RING subunit in the DCX DET1-COP1 complex that negatively regulates JUN, the ubiquitin ligase activity being mediated by RBX1.,induction:By p53/TP53.,pathway:Protein modification; protein ubiquitination., similarity: Belongs to the COP1 family., similarity: Contains 1 RING-type zinc finger., similarity: Contains 7 WD repeats., subcellular location:In the nucleus, it forms nuclear speckles., subunit: Homodimer. Homodimerization is mediated by the coiled coil domain. Component of the DCX DET1-COP1 ubiquitin ligase complex at least composed of RBX1, DET1, DDB1, CUL4A and COP1. Isoform 2 does not interact with CUL4A but still binds to RBX1, suggesting that the interaction may be mediated by another culllin protein. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 interact with CUL5 but not with CUL1, CUL2 not CUL3. Interacts with bZIP transcription factors JUN, JUNB and JUND but not with FOS, ATF2 nor XBP1. Interacts with p53 (TP53).,tissue specificity: Ubiquitously expressed at low level. Expressed at higher level in testis, placenta, skeletal muscle and heart.,







Western blot analysis of 293T lysis using COP1 antibody. Antibody was diluted at 1:1000

