



# Rhodopsin (phospho Ser334) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES7046

For research use only

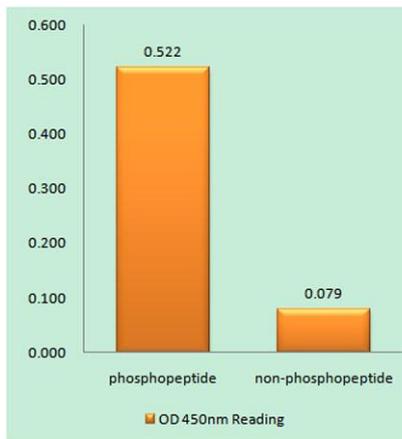
## Overview

<b>Product Name</b>	Rhodopsin (phospho Ser334) rabbit pAb
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Species Cross-Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Recommended dilutions</b>	Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Rhodopsin around the phosphorylation site of Ser334. AA range:299-348
<b>Specificity</b>	Phospho-Rhodopsin (S334) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Rhodopsin protein only when phosphorylated at S334.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Protein Name</b>	Rhodopsin
<b>Gene Name</b>	RHO
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Membrane ; Multi-pass membrane protein . Cell projection, cilium, photoreceptor outer segment . Synthesized in the inner segment (IS) of rod photoreceptor cells before vectorial transport to disk membranes in the rod outer segment (OS) photosensory cilia.
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Observed band</b>	
<b>Human Gene ID</b>	6010
<b>Human Swiss-Prot Number</b>	P08100
<b>Alternative Names</b>	RHO; OPN2; Rhodopsin; Opsin-2
<b>Background</b>	Retinitis pigmentosa is an inherited progressive





disease which is a major cause of blindness in western communities. It can be inherited as an autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive, or X-linked recessive disorder. In the autosomal dominant form, which comprises about 25% of total cases, approximately 30% of families have mutations in the gene encoding the rod photoreceptor-specific protein rhodopsin. This is the transmembrane protein which, when photoexcited, initiates the visual transduction cascade. Defects in this gene are also one of the causes of congenital stationary night blindness. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using Rhodopsin (Phospho-Ser334) Antibody

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using Rhodopsin (Phospho-Ser334) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

