

SH-PTP1 (phospho Tyr536) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES6932

For research use only

Overview

Product Name SH-PTP1 (phospho Tyr536) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human SHP-1 around the phosphorylation site of Tyr536. AA range:502-551

Specificity Phospho-SH-PTP1 (Y536) Polyclonal Antibody

detects endogenous levels of SH-PTP1 protein only

when phosphorylated at Y536.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 6

Gene Name PTPN6

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Nucleus. In neurons, translocates into

the nucleus after treatment with angiotensin II (By similarity). Shuttles between the cytoplasm and

nucleus via its association with PDPK1..

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 67kD
Human Gene ID 5777
Human Swiss-Prot Number P29350

Alternative Names PTPN6; HCP; PTP1C; Tyrosine-protein phosphatase

non-receptor type 6; Hematopoietic cell

protein-tyrosine phosphatase; Protein-tyrosine



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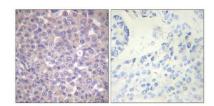


Background

phosphatase 1C; PTP-1C; Protein-tyrosine phosphatase SHP-1; SH-PTP1

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. N-terminal part of this PTP contains two tandem Src homolog (SH2) domains, which act as protein phospho-tyrosine binding domains, and mediate the interaction of this PTP with its substrates. This PTP is expressed primarily in hematopoietic cells, and functions as an important regulator of multiple signaling pathways in hematopoietic cells. This PTP has been shown to interact with, and dephosphorylate a wide spectrum of phospho-proteins involved in hematopoietic cell signaling. Multiple alternatively spliced variants of this gene, which encode distinct isoforms, have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

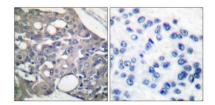
RAW264.7 EGF 200ng/ml 5′ 178— 100— 70— 55— SHP-1 (p-Tyr536) 40— 25— 15Western Blot analysis of RAW264.7+EGF cells using Phospho-SH-PTP1 (Y536) Polyclonal Antibody



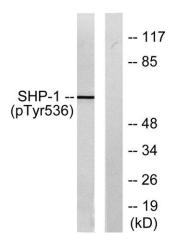
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human breast cancer. Antibody was diluted at 1:100(4° overnight). High-pressure and temperature Tris-EDTA,pH8.0 was used for antigen retrieval. Negetive contrl (right) obtaned from antibody was pre-absorbed by immunogen peptide.







Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using SHP-1 (Phospho-Tyr536) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



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Western blot analysis of lysates from RAW264.7 cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 5', using SHP-1 (Phospho-Tyr536) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

