

PKC θ (phospho Ser695) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES6795

For research use only

Overview

Product Name PKC θ (phospho Ser695) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human PKC thet around the phosphorylation site of Ser695. AA range:657-706

Specificity Phospho-PKC θ (S695) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of PKC θ protein only when

phosphorylated at S695.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Protein kinase C theta type

Gene Name PRKCQ

Cellular localization Cytoplasm. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane

protein. In resting T-cells, mostly localized in cytoplasm. In response to TCR stimulation,

associates with lipid rafts and then localizes in the

immunological synapse.

Purification The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 85kD
Human Gene ID 5588
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q04759

Alternative Names PRKCQ; PRKCT; Protein kinase C theta type;

nPKC-theta

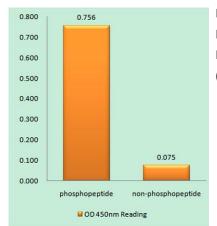


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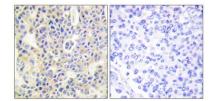


Background

Protein kinase C (PKC) is a family of serine- and threonine-specific protein kinases that can be activated by calcium and the second messenger diacylglycerol. PKC family members phosphorylate a wide variety of protein targets and are known to be involved in diverse cellular signaling pathways. PKC family members also serve as major receptors for phorbol esters, a class of tumor promoters. Each member of the PKC family has a specific expression profile and is believed to play a distinct role. The protein encoded by this gene is one of the PKC family members. It is a calcium-independent and phospholipid-dependent protein kinase. This kinase is important for T-cell activation. It is required for the activation of the transcription factors NF-kappaB and AP-1, and may link the T cell receptor (TCR) signaling complex to the activation of the transcription factors. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



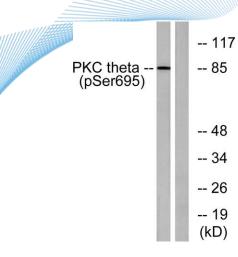
Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (Phospho-ELISA) for Immunogen Phosphopeptide (Phospho-left) and Non-Phosphopeptide (Phospho-right), using PKC thet (Phospho-Ser695) Antibody



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using PKC thet (Phospho-Ser695) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.







Western blot analysis of lysates from Jurkat cells treated with EGF 200ng/ml 15', using PKC thet (Phospho-Ser695) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



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