



Olfactory receptor 52K1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES6044

For research use only

Overview

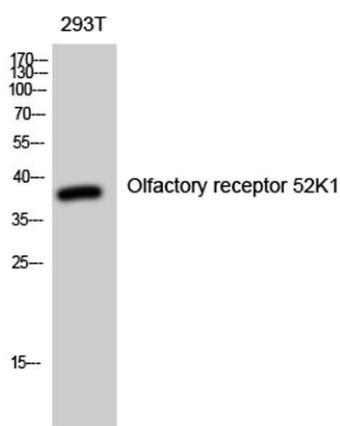
Product Name	Olfactory receptor 52K1 rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse;
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human OR52K1. AA range:201-250
Specificity	Olfactory receptor 52K1 Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of Olfactory receptor 52K1 protein.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Olfactory receptor 52K1
Gene Name	OR52K1
Cellular localization	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	40kD
Human Gene ID	390036
Human Swiss-Prot Number	Q8NGK4
Alternative Names	OR52K1; Olfactory receptor 52K1; Olfactory receptor OR11-8
Background	Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from





single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

Western Blot analysis of 293T cells using Olfactory receptor 52K1 Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:2000



Western blot analysis of lysates from 293 cells, using OR52K1 Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

