

## BLNK (phospho Tyr84) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES5693

For research use only

## Overview

**Specificity** 

Product Name BLNK (phospho Tyr84) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit

Applications WB;IHC;IF;ELISA Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Mouse;Rat

**Recommended dilutions** Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.

Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications. The antiserum was produced against synthesized

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human BLNK around the phosphorylation site of Tyr84. AA range:50-99 Phospho-BLNK (Y84) Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of BLNK protein only when

phosphorylated at Y84.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name B-cell linker protein

Gene Name BLNK

Cytoplasm . Cell membrane . BCR activation results

in the translocation to membrane fraction.

**Purification** The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit

antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 65kD
Human Gene ID 29760
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q8WV28

Alternative Names BLNK; BASH; SLP65; B-cell linker protein; B-cell

adapter containing a SH2 domain protein; B-cell adapter containing a Src homology 2 domain

protein; Cytoplasmic adapter protein; Src homology 2 domain-containing leukocyte protein of 65 kDa;



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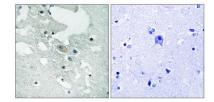
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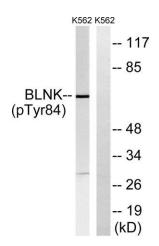


**Background** 

This gene encodes a cytoplasmic linker or adaptor protein that plays a critical role in B cell development. This protein bridges B cell receptor-associated kinase activation with downstream signaling pathways, thereby affecting various biological functions. The phosphorylation of five tyrosine residues is necessary for this protein to nucleate distinct signaling effectors following B cell receptor activation. Mutations in this gene cause hypoglobulinemia and absent B cells, a disease in which the pro- to pre-B-cell transition is developmentally blocked. Deficiency in this protein has also been shown in some cases of pre-B acute lymphoblastic leukemia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, May 2012],

Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human brain, using BLNK (Phospho-Tyr84) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





Western blot analysis of lysates from K562 cells treated with starved 24h, using BLNK (Phospho-Tyr84) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.

