

## Olfactory receptor 13D1 rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES5616

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name Olfactory receptor 13D1 rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit
Applications WB;ELISA

**Species Cross-Reactivity** Human;Rat;Mouse;

Recommended dilutions Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not

yet tested in other applications.

Immunogen The antiserum was produced against synthesized

peptide derived from human OR13D1. AA

range:231-280

Specificity Olfactory receptor 13D1 Polyclonal Antibody detects

endogenous levels of Olfactory receptor 13D1

protein.

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name Olfactory receptor 13D1

Gene Name OR13D1

Cellular localizationCell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.PurificationThe antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit<br/>antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 33kD
Human Gene ID 286365
Human Swiss-Prot Number Q8NGV5

Alternative Names OR13D1; Olfactory receptor 13D1; Olfactory

receptor OR9-15

**Background** Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules

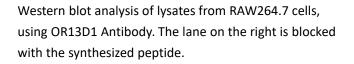
in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from

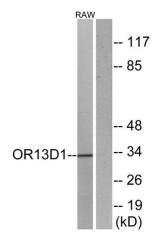


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single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],







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