

Akt (phospho Ser124) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES5159

For research use only

Overview

Product Name	Akt (phospho Ser124) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Recommended dilutions	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000.
	Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. ELISA:
	1/5000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized
	peptide derived from human Akt around the
	phosphorylation site of Ser124. AA range:90-139
Specificity	Phospho-Akt (S124) Polyclonal Antibody detects
	endogenous levels of Akt protein only when
	phosphorylated at S124.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and
	0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein kinase
Gene Name	AKT1/AKT2/AKT3
Cellular localization	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Cell membrane . Nucleus after
	activation by integrin-linked protein kinase 1 (ILK1).
	Nuclear translocation is enhanced by interaction
	with TCL1A. Phosphorylation on Tyr-176 by TNK2
	results in its localization to the cell membrane whe
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit
	antiserum by affinity-chromatography using
	epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	56kD
Human Gene ID	207
Human Swiss-Prot Number	P31749
Alternative Names	AKT1; PKB; RAC; RAC-alpha serine/threonine-protein
	kinase; Protein kinase B; PKB; Protein kinase B



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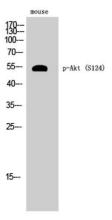


Background

alpha; PKB alpha; Proto-oncogene c-Akt; RAC-PK-alpha

The serine-threonine protein kinase encoded by the AKT1 gene is catalytically inactive in serum-starved primary and immortalized fibroblasts. AKT1 and the related AKT2 are activated by platelet-derived growth factor. The activation is rapid and specific, and it is abrogated by mutations in the pleckstrin homology domain of AKT1. It was shown that the activation occurs through phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase. In the developing nervous system AKT is a critical mediator of growth factor-induced neuronal survival. Survival factors can suppress apoptosis in a transcription-independent manner by activating the serine/threonine kinase AKT1, which then phosphorylates and inactivates components of the apoptotic machinery. Mutations in this gene have been associated with the Proteus syndrome. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2011]

Western Blot analysis of mouse cells using Phospho-Akt (S124) Polyclonal Antibody





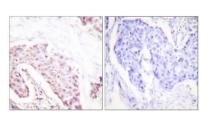
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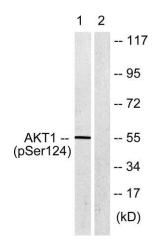
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Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma, using Akt (Phospho-Ser124) Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.





Western blot analysis of lysates from mouse brain, using Akt (Phospho-Ser124) Antibody. The lane on the right is blocked with the phospho peptide.



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