

FoxO3a (phospho-Ser425) rabbit pAb

Cat No.: ES16336

For research use only

Overview

Product Name FoxO3a (phospho-Ser425) rabbit pAb

Host species Rabbit Applications WB

Species Cross-Reactivity Human;Rat;Mouse; Recommended dilutions WB 1:1000-2000

Immunogen Synthesized phosho peptide around human FoxO3a

(Ser425)

Specificity This antibody detects endogenous levels of Human

FoxO3a (phospho-Ser425)

Formulation Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and

0.02% sodium azide.

Storage Store at -20° C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Name FoxO3a (Ser425)

Gene Name FOXO3 FKHRL1 FOXO3A

Cellular localization Cytoplasm, cytosol . Nucleus . Mitochondrion

matrix . Mitochondrion outer membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Retention in

the cytoplasm contributes to its inactivation (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:15084260,

PubMed:16751106). Translocates to the nucleus upon oxidative stress and in the absence of survival factors (PubMed:10102273, PubMed:16751106). Translocates from the cytosol to the nucleus following dephosphorylation in response to autophagy-inducing stimuli (By similarity).

Translocates in a AMPK-dependent manner into the mitochondrion in response to metabolic stress (PubMed:23283301, PubMed:29445193). Serum deprivation increases localization to the nucleus, loading to activate expression of SOV9 and

leading to activate expression of SOX9 and subsequent chondrogenesis (By similarity). .

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using

Purification

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epitope-specific immunogen.

Clonality Polyclonal
Concentration 1 mg/ml
Observed band 90kD
Human Gene ID 2309
Human Swiss-Prot Number O43524

Alternative Names Forkhead box protein O3 (AF6q21 protein)

(Forkhead in rhabdomyosarcoma-like 1)

Background This gene belongs to the forkhead family of

transcription factors which are characterized by a distinct forkhead domain. This gene likely functions as a trigger for apoptosis through expression of genes necessary for cell death. Translocation of this gene with the MLL gene is associated with

secondary acute leukemia. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



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