

Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES20156

For research use only

Overview

| Product Name | Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) rabbit pAb |
|------------------------------|---|
| Host species | Rabbit |
| Applications | WB; ELISA |
| Species Cross-Reactivity | Human;Mouse;Rat |
| Recommended dilutions | WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000 |
| Immunogen | Synthesized peptide derived from human Cyclin D1 |
| | (Phospho Ser90) |
| Specificity | This antibody detects endogenous levels of |
| | Human,Mouse,Rat Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) |
| Formulation | Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and |
| | 0.02% sodium azide. |
| Storage | Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. |
| Protein Name | Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) |
| Gene Name | CCND1 BCL1 PRAD1 |
| Cellular localization | Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Nucleus membrane . Cyclin |
| | D-CDK4 complexes accumulate at the nuclear |
| | membrane and are then translocated to the nucleus |
| | through interaction with KIP/CIP family members |
| Purification | The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit |
| | antiserum by affinity-chromatography using |
| | epitope-specific immunogen. |
| Clonality | Polyclonal |
| Concentration | 1 mg/ml |
| Observed band | 33kD |
| Human Gene ID | 595 |
| Human Swiss-Prot Number | P24385 |
| Alternative Names | G1/S-specific cyclin-D1 (B-cell lymphoma 1 |
| | protein;BCL-1;BCL-1 oncogene;PRAD1 oncogene) |
| Background | disease:A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 |
| | may be a cause of B-lymphocytic malignancy, |
| | particularly mantle-cell lymphoma (MCL). |
| | Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with |
| | immunoglobulin gene regions. Activation of CCND1 |



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may be oncogenic by directly altering progression through the cell cycle., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of multiple myeloma [MIM:254500]. Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with the IgH locus., disease:A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of parathyroid adenomas [MIM:168461]. Translocation t(11;11)(q13;p15) with the parathyroid hormone (PTH) enhancer., function: Essential for the control of the cell cycle at the G1/S (start) transition.,online information: The Singapore human mutation and polymorphism database, PTM: Following DNA damage it is ubiquitinated by some SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex containing FBXO31. Ubiquitination leads to its degradation and G1 arrest., PTM: Phosphorylation at Thr-286 by MAP kinases is required for ubiquitination and degradation following DNA damage. It probably plays an essential role for recognition by the FBXO31 component of SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex., similarity: Belongs to the cyclin family., similarity: Belongs to the cyclin family. Cyclin D subfamily., subunit: Interacts with the CDK4 and CDK6 protein kinases to form a serine/threonine kinase holoenzyme complex. The cyclin subunit imparts substrate specificity to the complex.,

Western Blot analysis of various, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000





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