

## Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) rabbit pAb

## Cat No.:ES20156

For research use only

## Overview

Product Name	Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90) rabbit pAb
Host species	Rabbit
Applications	WB; ELISA
Species Cross-Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Recommended dilutions</b>	WB 1:1000-2000 ELISA 1:5000-20000
Immunogen	Synthesized peptide derived from human Cyclin D1
	(Phospho Ser90)
Specificity	This antibody detects endogenous levels of
	Human,Mouse,Rat Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90)
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and
	0.02% sodium azide.
Storage	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
Protein Name	Cyclin D1 (Phospho Ser90)
Gene Name	CCND1 BCL1 PRAD1
Cellular localization	Nucleus . Cytoplasm . Nucleus membrane . Cyclin
	D-CDK4 complexes accumulate at the nuclear
	membrane and are then translocated to the nucleus
	through interaction with KIP/CIP family members
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit
	antiserum by affinity-chromatography using
	epitope-specific immunogen.
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Observed band	33kD
Human Gene ID	595
Human Swiss-Prot Number	P24385
Alternative Names	G1/S-specific cyclin-D1 (B-cell lymphoma 1
	protein;BCL-1;BCL-1 oncogene;PRAD1 oncogene)
Background	disease:A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1
	may be a cause of B-lymphocytic malignancy,
	particularly mantle-cell lymphoma (MCL).
	Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with
	immunoglobulin gene regions. Activation of CCND1



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may be oncogenic by directly altering progression through the cell cycle., disease: A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of multiple myeloma [MIM:254500]. Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with the IgH locus., disease:A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of parathyroid adenomas [MIM:168461]. Translocation t(11;11)(q13;p15) with the parathyroid hormone (PTH) enhancer., function: Essential for the control of the cell cycle at the G1/S (start) transition.,online information: The Singapore human mutation and polymorphism database, PTM: Following DNA damage it is ubiquitinated by some SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex containing FBXO31. Ubiquitination leads to its degradation and G1 arrest., PTM: Phosphorylation at Thr-286 by MAP kinases is required for ubiquitination and degradation following DNA damage. It probably plays an essential role for recognition by the FBXO31 component of SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex., similarity: Belongs to the cyclin family., similarity: Belongs to the cyclin family. Cyclin D subfamily., subunit: Interacts with the CDK4 and CDK6 protein kinases to form a serine/threonine kinase holoenzyme complex. The cyclin subunit imparts substrate specificity to the complex.,

Western Blot analysis of various, using primary antibody at 1:1000 dilution. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS23920) was diluted at 1:10000





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