

A022-EN.01

resDetect[™] Biotinylated Human DLL4 ELISA Kit (Residue Testing) (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay)

Catalog Number: RES-A022

Pack Size: 96 tests

IMPORTANT: Please carefully read this manual before performing your experiment. <u>For Research Use Only. Not For Use in Diagnostic or Therapeutic Procedures</u>



INTENDED USE

The resDetect[™] Biotinylated Human DLL4 ELISA Kit (Residue Testing) was developed for the detection and quantitative determination of GMP human Biotinylated DLL4 in samples from CAR-T product preparation processing. It is intended for research use only (RUO).

BACKGROUND

Delta-like protein 4 (DLL4) is also known as Drosophila Delta homolog 4 (Delta4), which contains one DSL domain and eight EGF-like domains. DLL4 is expressed in vascular endothelium. DLL4 is involved in the Notch signaling pathway as Notch ligand, which can activate NOTCH1 and NOTCH4. DLL4 is involved in angiogenesis and negatively regulates endothelial cell proliferation and migration and angiogenic sprouting. DLL4 can bind to Notch-1 and Notch-4.

To support the development of CAR-T drugs, ACROBiosystems independently developed human Biotinylated DLL4 ELISA Residue Testing kit via rigorous methodological validation, which is used for detection of GMP human Biotinylated DLL4 in samples from CAR-T product preparation processing for evaluation the quality of CAR-T products in drug development and CMC quality control stages.

PRINCIPLE OF THE ASSAY

This assay kit is used to measure the levels of human Biotinylated DLL4 by employing a standard indirect ELISA format. The micro-plate in the kit has been pre-coated with Anti-DLL4 Antibody. Firstly, add the standard samples provided in kit and your samples to the plate, incubate and wash the wells. Then add Streptavidin-HRP to the plate, incubate and wash the wells. At last, load the substrate into the wells and monitor solution color from blue to yellow. The reaction is stopped by the addition of a stop solution and the intensity of the absorbance can be measured at 450 nm and 630 nm. The OD Value reflects the amount of Biotinylated DLL4 bound.

PRECAUTIONS

- 1. This kit is for research use only and is not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic applications.
- 2. The kit is suitable for cell supernatant, serum and plasma samples.
- 3. Do not use reagents past their expiration date.



4. Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other kits or other lot number kits.

5. If samples generate values higher than the highest standard, dilute the samples with the appropriate calibrator diluent and repeat the assay. If cell supernatant samples need step dilution, except for the final dilution with diluent, other intermediate dilutions can be in cell culture medium.

6. Differences in test results can be caused by a variety of factors, including laboratory operator, pipette usage, plate washing technique, reaction time or temperature, and kit storage.

7. This kit is designed to remove or reduce some endogenous interference factors in biological samples, and not all possible influencing factors have been removed.

MATERIALS PROVIDED

		Size		Sto	rage
Catalog	alog Components (96 tests)		Format	Unopened	Opened
RES022-C01	Pre-coated Anti-DLL4 Antibody Microplate	1 plate	Solid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES022-C02	Biotinylated Human DLL4 Standard	20 µg	Power	2-8°C	-70°C
RES022-C03	Streptavidin-HRP	50 µL	Liquid	2-8°C, avoid light	2-8°C, avoid light
RES022-C04	10×Washing Buffer	50 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES022-C05	2×Dilution Buffer	50 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C
RES022-C06	Substrate Solution	12 mL	Liquid	2-8°C, avoid light	2-8°C, avoid light
RES022-C07	Stop Solution	7 mL	Liquid	2-8°C	2-8°C

Table1. Materials provided

SRORAGE

1. Unopened kit should be stored at 2°C -8°C upon receiving. Find the expiration date on the outside

2. packaging and do not use reagents past their expiration date.

3. The opened kit should be stored per Table 1. The shelf life is 30 days from the date of opening.

Note: a. Do not use reagents past their expiration date.

b. Find the expiration date on the outside packaging.

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REAGENTS/EQUIPMENT NEEDED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Single or multi-channel micropipettes and pipette tips: need to meet 10 μ L, 300 μ L, 1000 μ L injection requirements;

37°C Incubator; Single or dual wavelength microplate reader with 450nm and 630nm filter; Tubes: 1.5mL,10mL; Timer; Reagent bottle; Deionized or distilled water.

REAGENT PREPARATION

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature (20°C-25°C) before use. If crystals have formed in buffer solution, place the sample in an 37°C incubator until the crystals have completely dissolved and bring the solution back to room temperature before use.

According to Table 2, prepare the provided lyophilized product into a storage solution with ultrapure water, dissolve at room temperature for 15 to 30 minutes, and mix by gently pipetting, avoiding vigorous shaking or vertexing. The reconstituted storage solution should be stored at -70° C. It is recommended that the number of freezing and thawing should not exceed 1 time, and the size of the aliquot should not be less

than 10 μg.

Note: Considering inevitable minor quantitation variations between protein batches, it is also reasonable to generate the standard curve with specific lot of proteins used for current production for even better accuracy.

ID	Components	Size (96 T)	Storage solution concentration.	Reconstituted water Vol.
RES022-C02	Biotinylated Human DLL4 Standard	20 µg	200 μg/mL	100 μL

 Table 2. Preparation method

RECOMMENDED SAMPLE PREPARATION

1. Working Solution Preparation

1.1 Preparation of 1×Washing Buffer:

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Dilute 50 mL 10×Washing Buffer with ultrapure water/deionized water to 500 mL.

1.2 Preparation of 1×Dilution Buffer:

Dilute 50 mL 2×Dilution Buffer with 1×Washing Buffer to 100 mL.

1.3 Preparation of Streptavidin-HRP working fluid:

Dilute Streptavidin-HRP at 1:2000 with 1×Dilution Buffer. The prepared working fluid should avoid light. Please prepare it for one-time use only.

- 1.4 Sample preparation
- a. If the sample to be tested is the serum or plasma, dilute test sample at 1:5 with 1×Dilution Buffer. The volume ratio of sample to diluent is 1:4.
- b. If the sample to be tested is the cell supernatant, dilute test sample at 1:20 with 1×Dilution Buffer. The volume ratio of sample to diluent is 1:19.

2. Preparation of Standard curve

The concentration of the reconstituted human Biotinylated DLL4 Calibrator (RES022-C02) is 200 μ g/mL, prepare (Std.-0) by diluting 10 μ L the reconstituted human Biotinylated DLL4 Calibrator into 990 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer, mix gently well. Then prepare Std.- 1' by diluting 10 μ L Std.-0 into 490 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer. At last, prepare the highest concentration of standard curve, **Std.-1 (500 pg/mL)**, by diluting 10 μ L Std.- 1' into 790 μ L Sample Dilution Buffer. Prepare 1:1 serial dilution for the standard curve as follows: Pipette 300 μ L of Sample Dilution Buffer into each tube. Make sure to mix well every time. Sample Dilution Buffer serves as blank.





3. Add Samples

Add 100 μ L Calibrator and samples to each well. For blank Control wells, please add 100 μ L Dilution Buffer.

Note: It is recommended to set doable holes for samples and standard curves to be tested.

4. Incubation

Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.

5. Washing

Remove the remaining solution by aspiration, add 300 μ L of 1×Washing Buffer to each well, soak for 10s, remove any remaining 1×Washing Buffer: by aspirating or decanting, invert the plate and blot it against paper towels. Repeat the wash step above for three times.

6. Add Streptavidin-HRP

For all wells, add 100 µL Streptavidin-HRP (dilute at 1:2000) working solution. Please prepare it for onetime use only, avoid light.

7. Incubation

Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.

8. Washing

Repeat step 5.

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9. Substrate Reaction

Add 100 µL Substrate Solution to each well. Seal the plate with microplate sealing film and incubate at 37°C for 20 min, avoid light.

10. Termination

Add 50 µL Stop Solution to each well, and tap the plate gently to allow thorough mixing.

Note: The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow.

11. Data Recording

Read the absorbance at 450 nm and 630 nm using UV/Vis microplate spectrophotometer within 10 minutes. *Note: To reduce the background noise, subtract the value read at OD*_{450nm} *with the value read at OD*_{630 nm}.

CALCULATION OF RESULTS

1. Calculate the mean absorbance for each standard, control and sample and subtract average zero standard optical density (O.D.).

2. The standard curve is plotted with the standard concentration as x-axis and the calibrated absorbance value as y-axis. Four parameters logistic are used to draw the standard curve and calculate the sample concentration.

3. Normal range of Standard curve: $R^2 \ge 0.9900$.

4. Detection range: 7.81 pg/mL-500 pg/mL. If the OD value of the sample to be tested is higher than 500 pg/mL, the sample shall be diluted with dilution buffer and assay repeated. If the OD value of the sample to be tested is lower than 7.81 pg/mL, the sample should be reported.

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TYPICAL DATA

For each experiment, a standard curve needs to be set for each micro-plate, and the specific OD value may vary depending on different laboratories, testers, or equipments. The following example data is for reference only. The sample concentration was calculated based on the results of the standard curve.

Conc.(pg/mL)	O.D1	O.D2	Average	Corrected	3
500	2.745	2.732	2.739	2.680	2.5
250	1.798	1.858	1.828	1.769	R ² =0.9998
125	0.978	1.006	0.992	0.933	
62.5	0.520	0.517	0.519	0.460	0 Dicit De 1.5
31.25	0.294	0.283	0.289	0.230	⁸ 1
15.63	0.184	0.156	0.170	0.111	
7.81	0.105	0.100	0.103	0.044	0.5
0	0.056	0.062	0.059	/	00 100 200 300 400 50 Conc.(pg/ml.)

SENSITIVITY

The minimum detectable concentration of human Biotinylated DLL4 is 0.771 pg/mL. The minimum detectable concentration was determined by adding twice standard deviations to the mean optical density value of twenty zero standard replicates and calculating the corresponding concentration.

PRECISION

1. Intra-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one plate to assess intra-assay precision.

2. Inter-assay Precision

Three samples of known concentration were tested in three separate assays to assess inter-assay precision.

	Intra-assay Precision			In	ter-assay Precisio	on
Sample	1	2	3	1	2	3
n	20	20	20	3	3	3



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Mean (pg/mL)	341.704	86.428	36.713	347.533	91.177	38.570
SD	14.245	4.264	2.473	6.877	4.834	1.779
CV (%)	4.2	4.9	6.7	2.0	5.3	4.6

Note: The example data is for reference only.

RECOVERY

Three parts of blank serum were added with different concentrations of human Biotinylated DLL4, and the serum without human Biotinylated DLL4 was used as background to calculate the recovery rate. The range of the recovery rate is 87.1-106.1%, and the average recovery is 97.1%.

Sample Type	Average % Recovery	Range
Serum(n=5)	97.1%	87.1-106.1%

LINEARITY

To assess the linearity of the assay, samples spiked with high concentrations of human Biotinylated DLL4 were serially diluted with calibrator diluent to produce samples with values within the dynamic range of the assay.

		Cell culture medium	Cell culture medium	Samura	
		(DMEM)	(1640)	Serum	
1.2	Average Recovery (%)	104.4	99.7	98.1	
1:2	Range (%)	96.9-110.3	88.9-109.3	90.5-105.2	
1.4	Average Recovery (%)	102.0	96.3	103.9	
1:4	Range (%)	99.0-107.1	92.4-99.0	99.8-108.3	
1.0	Average Recovery (%)	105.3	93.4	109.3	
1:8	Range (%)	100.5-107.7	90.1-98.0	106.4-115.1	
1:16	Average Recovery (%)	107.3	99.2	108.6	
	Range (%)	104.4-111.2	89.1-110.6	106.4-115.1	

Note: The example data is for reference only.

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SPECIFICITY

This assay recognizes natural and recombinant human Biotinylated DLL4. No cross-reactivity was observed when this kit was used to analyze the following protein.

Human				
IL-2	IL-4	IL-6	IL-7	
IL-8	IL-10	IL-15	VEGF165	
Anti-CD3	Anti-CD28	Anti-CD137		

INTERFERING SUBSTANCES

Verify potential matrix effects by adding different levels of DMSO and HSA to the diluted buffer.

Additive	Tolerated concentration
DMSO	5%
HSA	5%

PLATE LAYOUT



Note: Blank is a Blank Dilution Buffer hole.



TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor standard curve	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes
Large CV	* Inaccurate pipetting	* Check pipettes
	* Air bubbles in wells	* Remove bubbles in wells
High background	* Plate is insufficiently washed	* Review the manual for proper wash.
	* Contaminated wash buffer	* Make fresh wash buffer
Very low readings across	* Incorrect wavelengths	* Check filters/reader
the plate	* Insufficient development	* Increase development time
	time	
Samples are reading too	* Samples contain cytokine	* Dilute samples and run again
high, but standard curve	levels above assay range	
looks fine		
Drift	* Interrupted assay set-up	* Assay set-up should be continuous - have all
	* Reagents not at room	standards and samples prepared appropriately
	temperature	before commencement of theassay
		* Ensure that all reagents are at room
		temperature before pipetting into the wells
		unless otherwise instructed in the antibody
		inserts