

## KappaSelect

### Product Information

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**Cat#No#** Ka-327C

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### Product Overview

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Antibody fragments, especially Fabs, are getting increased attention as potential biopharmaceuticals because they have some advantages over monoclonal antibodies (MAbs), KappaSelect is an affinity resin designed for the purification of human Fab (kappa) fragments.

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### Description

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Antibody fragments are gaining increased attention as potential biopharmaceuticals because they display certain advantages over monoclonal antibodies (MAbs).

KappaSelect is affinity chromatography resins for purifying kappa and lambda Fab fragments, respectively. These resins enable efficient capture with high purity and yield.

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### Optimum pH

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12

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### Characteristic

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Efficient, industrial-scale capture of Fabs by affinity chromatography.

High binding capacity for Fabs.

Rigid agarose base matrix allows high flow rates and processing of large sample volumes for increased throughput.

Non-mammalian derived product reduces regulatory concerns in the production of Fabs for clinical applications.

Low ligand leakage ensures increased Fab purity and productivity.

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### Applications

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KappaSelect is an affinity chromatography resin designed for the purification of Fab (kappa) with high binding capacity, purity and yield.

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### Maximum operating pressure

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300 kPa at 600 cm/h

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## KappaSelect

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### Ligand Coupling Method

Amide linkage

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### Packing Column

Pack the column with resin.

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### Column

0.4 mL LambdaFabSelect packed in a Tricorn 5/20 column.

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### Matrix

Highly cross-linked agarose

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### Average particle size

~75 µm

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### Ligand

Recombinant protein (Mr 13 000), produced in *S. cerevisiae*, with affinity for the constant domain of the immunoglobulin kappa light chain.

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### Ligand density

Approx. 5 mg/ml of medium.

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### Dynamic binding capacity

Approximately 15 mg Fab/mL of resin

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### Recommended flow rate

At least 600 cm/h in a 1 m diameter column, with 20 cm bed height at 20°C using buffers with the same viscosity as water at < 0.3 MPa (3 bar).

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### Chemical stability

Stable to commonly used aqueous buffers: 6 M urea, 6 M guanidine hydrochloride, 70 % ethanol, 30 % isopropanol.

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### Physical stability

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## KappaSelect

The ligand is immobilized to the agarose base matrix via stable amide bonds that ensure high chemical stability and low leakage.

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### **pH working range**

3–10

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### **pH CIP range**

2–12

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### **CIP stability**

KappaSelect showed good stability up to pH 12. Use of a low pH solution or agents like guanidine hydrochloride in a cleaning protocol is therefore recommended for KappaSelect. For KappaSelect, avoid pH > 12 due to limited ligand stability under strongly alkaline conditions.

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### **Temperature stability**

4°C to 30°C

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### **Storage**

2 to 8°C, 20% Ethanol

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### **Binding buffer**

PBS, pH 7.4

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### **Elution buffer**

0.1 M glycine buffer, pH 2.5–3.0.

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### **Equilibration**

Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4 (0.01 M phosphate buffer, 0.0027 M KCl, 0.14 M NaCl).

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### **Elution**

Elute with 5 to 10 CV of elution buffer. Immediately adjust eluted fractions to physiologic pH by adding neutralization buffer (e.g. 1 M Tris, pH 7.5–8.5).

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### **Cleaning-in-place**

The recommended protocol comprises initial strip of the resin at low pH, and then subjecting the resin to

## KappaSelect

NaOH of low concentration for cleaning.

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### Sanitization

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PAB (120 mM phosphoric acid, 167 mM acetic acid, 2.2 % v/v benzyl alcohol) is used for final sanitization of the resin. PAB solution is sensitive to light and should be freshly made not to damage the resin. PAB solution should be stored in a dark bottle and kept no longer than for a week. PAB solution has a pH of < 2, and resin stability can be limited in prolonged exposure at such a low pH.

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### Purification procedures

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A dAb expressed in the periplasm of E.coli and released by heat treatment of the bacterial suspension was used in the development of a dAb purification process. Clarification of the bacterial suspension was performed in a microfiltration step using hollow fiber filters. Capto L resin was selected for initial capture for reduction of HCP and endotoxin levels. Capto MMC ImpRes, run in bind-elute mode, was selected for the intermediate purification step for its ability to efficiently reduce HCP further. Capto MMC ImpRes is a weak CIEX multimodal resin with high selectivity in a broad pH/ salt window, allowing the use of the resin under a variety of process conditions to solve challenging purification tasks. For final polishing, Capto adhere ImpRes multimodal ALEX resin was used in flow-through mode. Like Capto Q, Capto adhere ImpRes is a suitable choice when purifying proteins with a high isoelectric point. Here, working at a pH of 8.5 allowed the used dAb to pass in the flowthrough, while impurities remained bound to the resin.

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### Pack size

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25 mL

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### Wash buffer

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Phosphate buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.4 (0.01 M phosphate buffer, 0.0027 M KCl, 0.14 M NaCl).

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