

mFluor™ Red 700 Anti-human CD6 Antibody *HI210*

Catalog number: 100600V0, 100600V1

Unit size: 100 tests, 500 tests

Product Details

Storage Conditions 2-8°C with minimized light exposure. Do not freeze.

Expiration Date 12 months upon receiving

Concentration 0.1 mg/mL

Formulation Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS, pH 7.2), 0.09% sodium azide, 0.2% (w/v) BSA

Antibody Properties

Species Reactivity Human

Class Primary

Clonality Monoclonal

Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG1

Immunogen CD6 (T12, TP120)

Clone HI210

Conjugate mFluor™ Red 700

Biological Properties

Appearance Dark blue liquid

Preparation Antibody purified by affinity chromatography and then conjugated with mFluor™ Red 700 under

optimal conditions

Application Flow Cytometry (FACS), Fluorescence Imaging

Spectral Properties

Conjugate mFluor™ Red 700

Excitation Wavelength 680 nm

Emission Wavelength 695 nm

Applications

HI210 is an anti-human monoclonal antibody that is specific for the CD6 antigen. CD6 (sometimes called TP120, OX52 or T12) is a 100 - 130 kD single-pass type I membrane protein that is located on the surface of cells such as T cells and B cells. In some organisms, CD6 acts to positively regulate T cell proliferation and enhances cytokine production involved in inflammatory response. Additionally, it acts in critical cellular

pathways, in particular, the lipopolysaccharide-mediated signaling pathway. From a research standpoint, it is of biological interest due to its association with vital macromolecules/ligands such as CD166 (ALCAM), gp40 and gp90. CD6 is a fairly uncommon antibody target, with a little more than 1200 publications in the last decade. Even still, CD6 is commonly used in flow cytometry applications as a phenotypic marker for differentiation of cell types, specifically in the study of immunology. This antibody was purified through affinity chromatography and conjugated to mFluor™ Red 700 (ex/em = 680/695 nm). It is compatible with the 642 nm laser and 702/87 nm bandpass filter (for example, as in the Luminex Amnis CellStream).